# बी.पी. कोइराला मेमोरियल क्यान्सर अस्पताल प्राविधिक (स्वास्थ्य) सेवा, मेडिकल (चिकित्सक) समुह, सर्जिकल अंकोलोजी (ग्याष्ट्रोइन्टेरोलोजी) उपसमुह, अधिकृत दसौँ तह, जुनियर कन्सल्टेन्ट पदको खुला र आन्तरिक प्रतियोगितात्मक परीक्षाको पाठ्यक्रम

यस पाठ्यक्रम योजनालाई दुई चरणमा विभाजन गरिएको छ:

प्रथम चरण: – लिखित परीक्षा (Written Examination) पूर्णाङ्ग: – २००

**द्वितीय चरण :-** अन्तर्वार्ता (Interview) पूर्णाङ्क :- ३०

## परीक्षा योजना (Examination Scheme)

## प्रथम चरण (First Phase): लिखित परीक्षा

Paper	Subject	Full Marks	Pass Marks	No. Questions & Weightage	Time Allowed
I	General Subject	100	40	$10 \times 5 = 50$ (Short answer) $5 \times 10 = 50$ (Long answer)	3.00 hrs
II	Technical Subject	100	40	$6 \times 10 = 60$ (Long answer) $2 \times 20 = 40$ (Problem Solving)	3.00 hrs

## द्वितीय चरण (Second Phase)

Subject	Full Marks	Examination
Interview	30	Oral

#### द्रष्टव्य :

- 9. यो परीक्षा योजनालाई प्रथम चरण (लिखित परीक्षा) र द्वितीय चरण (अन्तर्वार्ता) गरी दुई चरणमा विभाजन गरिएको छ ।
- २. लिखित परीक्षाको माध्यम भाषा नेपाली वा अंग्रेजी अथवा नेपाली र अंग्रेजी दुवै हुनेछ ।
- ३. प्रथम र द्वितीय पत्रको लिखित परीक्षा छुट्टाछुट्टै हुनेछ ।
- ४. परीक्षामा सोधिने प्रश्नसंख्या, अङ्क र अङ्कभार यथासम्भव सम्बन्धित पत्र/विषयमा तोकिए अनुसार हुनेछ ।
- प्र. विषयगत प्रश्नमा प्रत्येक खण्डका लागि छुट्टाछुट्टै उत्तरपुस्तिकाहरु हुनेछन् । परीक्षार्थीले प्रत्येक खण्डका प्रश्नहरुको उत्तर सोही खण्डका उत्तरपुस्तिकामा लेख्नुपर्नेछ ।
- ६. यस पाठ्यक्रममा जे सुकै लेखिएको भएतापिन पाठ्यक्रममा परेका ऐन, नियमहरु, परीक्षाको मिति भन्दा ३ मिहना अगाडी (संशोधन भएका वा संशोधित भई हटाईएका वा थप गरी संशोधित भई कायम रहेका) लाई यस पाठ्यक्रममा परेको सम्भन् पर्दछ ।
- प्रथम चरणको परीक्षाबाट छनौट भएका उम्मेदवारहरुलाई मात्र द्वितीय चरणको परीक्षामा सिम्मिलित गराइनेछ ।
- माथी परीक्षा योजनामा उल्लिखित प्रथम चरणको लिखित परीक्षामा प्रथम चरणको विषयवस्तु स्वास्थ्य सेवाका सबै समूह / उपसमूहका लागि एउटै हुनेछ । तर द्वितीय पत्रको पाठ्यक्रमको विषयवस्तु सम्बन्धित समूह/ उपसमूह अनुरुप फरक फरक हुनेछ ।
- ९. पाठ्यक्रम लागू मिति :- २०७९/०९/०२

# प्राविधिक (स्वास्थ्य) सेवा, मेडिकल (चिकित्सक) समुह, सर्जिकल अंकोलोजी (ग्याष्ट्रोइन्टेरोलोजी) उपसमुह, अधिकृत दसौँ तह, जुनियर कन्सल्टेन्ट पदको खुला र आन्तरिक प्रतियोगितात्मक परीक्षाको पाठ्यक्रम

## **Paper I: General Subject**

Section (A): 40% Marks (4×5 marks, 2×10 marks)

#### 1. Administration and Management

- 1.1. Public Administration: concept, scope, functions and challenges
- 1.2. Management: concept, scope, functions, principles, and its practices
- 1.3. Contemporary management issues and challenges
- 1.4. Hospital Management : concept, scope, function, principle and its practices
- 1.5. Human resource management: concept, functions and different aspects
- 1.6. Basic managerial skills: coordination and public relation, communication and counselling, problem solving and decision making, leadership, team building, rapport building, planning, organizing, monitoring and evaluation
- 1.7. Emerging management concepts and their application in the Nepalese Public Management: Time management, Resource management (human, financial and physical), Technology management, Performance management, Stress management, Conflict management, Risk management and Participative management
- 1.8. Planning: concept, principles, nature, types, instrument and steps
- 1.9. Motivation, appreciative inquiry and social responsibility
- 1.10. Positive attitude and self-development
- 1.11. Group dynamic and organizational behavior
- 1.12. Grievance redressal and settlement
- 1.13. Financial Management: Concept, Approaches, Budget Formulation and Implementation, Auditing and topics related to Fiscal administration

#### Section (B): 40% Marks (4×5 marks, 2×10 marks)

#### 2. General Health Issues

- 2.1. Present Constitution of Nepal (health and welfare issues)
- 2.2. National Health Policy
- 2.3. Health sector in current periodical plan
- 2.4. Health Service Act, 2053 and Health Service Regulation, 2055
- 2.5. Professional council related acts and regulations
- 2.6. Act Regulating Narcotics
- 2.7. NMC and National Health Agencies
- 2.8. Indigenous and traditional faith healing and health practices
- 2.9. International health agencies: Role and responsibilities of WHO, UNICEF, UNFPA and interagency relationships
- 2.10. Health and Human Right including Women's Right, Children's Right, Professional's Right, Client Right and Informed consent
- 2.11. Gender issues and health
- 2.12. Urbanization and health impacts
- 2.13. National health training system
- 2.14. Supervision, types and its usage in Health Sector

# प्राविधिक (स्वास्थ्य) सेवा, मेडिकल (चिकित्सक) समुह, सर्जिकल अंकोलोजी (ग्याष्ट्रोइन्टेरोलोजी) उपसमुह, अधिकृत दसौँ तह, जुनियर कन्सल्टेन्ट पदको खुला र आन्तरिक प्रतियोगितात्मक परीक्षाको पाठ्यक्रम

- 2.15. Monitoring and Evaluation System in Health
- 2.16. Health Management Information System
- 2.17. Health economics basic terms, health insurance and financing in Health Care
- 2.18. Federal governance and decentralization in health
- 2.19. Evidence Based Medicine / Critical Appraisal of Scientific Literature
- 2.20. Principles of Research Methodology and Scientific paper writing/publication
- 2.21. Professional and medical ethics
- 2.22. Informed Consent and Medico legal Issues
- 2.23. Medical Audit and Quality Assurance
- 2.24. Information technology and Tele medicine
- 2.25. Drug act and regulation
- 2.26. Rational use of drugs, national drug policy and importance of essential drug list
- 2.27. Ethics, Integrity and Accountability of health professionals
- 2.28. Private sector health institution its regulation and management
- 2.29. Health institution development and management
- 2.30. Patient safety & Breaking Bad News
- 2.31. Cancer Registry: Hospital and Community Based Cancer Registry
- 2.32. Preventive Oncology
  - 2.32.1. Epidemiology
  - 2.32.2. Primary prevention (Cancer Awareness, Cancer Education, Vaccination)
  - 2.32.3. Secondary Prevention (Screening, Screening Methods)
- 2.33. Multidisciplinary Approach in Cancer Management

#### Section (C): 20% Marks (2×5 marks, 1×10 marks)

#### 3. Organizational Knowledge

- 3.1. B.P.Koirala Memorial Cancer Hospital : History, organizational structure, functions, roles, services, possibilities, problems and challenges
- 3.2. Service provided by B.P.Koirala Memorial Cancer Hospital-service types, quality, technology, citizen engagement in service design
- 3.3. Relations between Government and other national and international related organizations
- 3.4. Health manpower recruitment and development in B.P.Koirala Memorial Cancer Hospital
- 3.5. B.P.Koirala Memorial Cancer Hospital related act and regulations

# प्राविधिक (स्वास्थ्य) सेवा, मेडिकल (चिकित्सक) समुह, सर्जिकल अंकोलोजी (ग्याष्ट्रोइन्टेरोलोजी) उपसमुह, अधिकृत दसौँ तह, जुनियर कन्सल्टेन्ट पदको खुला र आन्तरिक प्रतियोगितात्मक परीक्षाको पाठ्यक्रम

## Paper II: Technical Subject Section (A) – 50 % Marks

#### 1. Basic Sciences

- 1.1 Embryology of the gut, liver, pancreas & congenital anomalies
- 1.2 Immune system of the GIT and its importance in various G.I. disorder
- 1.3 Molecular biology in relation to GIT
- 1.4 Genetic diseases of GIT & liver
- 1.5 Gene Therapy
- 1.6 GI Tumors & Tumor biology
- 1.7 Gastrointestinal hormones in health & diseases
- 1.8 GI related microbiology, clinical chemistry & haematology
- 1.9 General human anatomy and physiology

#### 2. Problems related to GIT, Hepatobiliary and Pancreatic system

- 2.1 Upper & lower G.I. bleeding
- 2.2 Gastrointestinal tuberculosis
- 2.3 HIV and the GIT, hepatobiliary and pancreatic system
- 2.4 GIT & liver in systemic diseases
- 2.5 Cutaneous manifestation of G.I. disease
- 2.6 Gastrointestinal side effects of drugs especially NSAIDS
- 2.7 Gastro-intestinal symptoms physiology and interpretation:
  - 2.7.1 Nausea, vomiting
  - 2.7.2 Pain abdomen
  - 2.7.3 Diarrhoea, constipation
  - 2.7.4 Dysphagia
  - 2.7.5 Jaundice

#### 3. **Nutrition**

- 3.1 Normal nutritional requirement
- 3.2 Nutritional assessment and management
- 3.3 Protein energy malnutrition
- 3.4 Manifestations and management of nutritional deficiency & excess
- 3.5 Nutritional support in various G.I.disorders (malabsorption, acute & chronic pancreatitis, IBD)

# 4. Esophagus, Stomach, Duodenum, Small Intestine, Appendix, Spleen & Portal hypertension:

#### 4.1 Esophagus:

- 4.1.1 Applied anatomy, physiology & embryology
- 4.1.2 Investigations for different esophageal conditions
- 4.1.3 Neoplasm of esophagus benign & malignant:
  - 4.1.3.1 Benign Tumor and Cysts of Esophagus
  - 4.1.3.2 Esophageal Cancer
  - 4.1.3.3 Esophagogastric Junction tumor
  - 4.1.3.4 Adjuvant and Neoadjuvant Therapy for Ca Esophagus
- 4.1.4 Other Esophageal conditions:
  - 4.1.4.1 Gastro-esophageal reflux disease, Barret's esophagus
  - 4.1.4.2 Esophageal Injuries
  - 4.1.4.3 Paraesophageal and Other Complex Diaphragmatic Hernias

#### 4.2 Stomach, Duodenum, Small Intestine and Appendix:

4.2.1 Applied anatomy, physiology & embryology

# प्राविधिक (स्वास्थ्य) सेवा, मेडिकल (चिकित्सक) समुह, सर्जिकल अंकोलोजी (ग्याष्ट्रोइन्टेरोलोजी) उपसमुह, अधिकृत दसौं तह. जुनियर कन्सल्टेन्ट पदको खुला र आन्तरिक प्रतियोगितात्मक परीक्षाको पाठयकम

- 4.2.2 Diagnostic procedures- Barium study, CECT, CT-enteroclysis, MRI, PET scan, Laparoscopy, Diagnostic and Therapeutic Endoscopy of the Stomach and Small Bowel
- 4.2.3 Neoplasm of Stomach, Duodenum, Small bowel and Appendix: Benign and Malignant
  - 4.2.3.1 Benign neoplasm of stomach, duodenum, small intestine and appendix
  - 4.2.3.2 Cancer of stomach: Advanced and Early Gastric Carcinoma
  - 4.2.3.3 Lymphomas
  - 4.2.3.4 Gastrointestinal stromal tumor
  - 4.2.3.5 Carcinoid tumor
  - 4.2.3.6 Adjuvant and Neoadjuvant Therapy for malignant conditions

#### 4.2.4 Other conditions:

- 4.2.4.1 Injuries to the Stomach, Duodenum, and Small Bowel
- 4.2.4.2 Peptic Ulcer Disease, Zollinger–Ellison Syndrome
- 4.2.4.3 Foreign Bodies and Bezoars of the Stomach and Small Intestine
- 4.2.4.4 Small Bowel Obstruction and strangulation, volvulus of the stomach and small bowel
- 4.2.4.5 Perforation peritonitis
- 4.2.4.6 Appendicitis
- 4.2.4.7 Crohn's Disease
- 4.2.4.8 Tubeculosis of abdomen, peritoneum, small and large bowel
- 4.2.4.9 Gastric, Duodenal, and Small Intestinal Fistulas
- 4.2.4.10 Mesenteric Ischemia
- 4.2.4.11 Radiation injury to stomach and intestine
- 4.2.4.12 Short bowel syndrome
- 4.2.4.13 Internal Hernias: Congenital and Acquired
- 4.2.4.14 Enteral and parenteral feeding–NG, feeding gastrostomy/ jejunostomy

#### 4.3 Spleen:

- 4.3.1 Applied anatomy, physiology & embryology of spleen
- 4.3.2 Preoperative evaluation, preparation and complications of splenectomy
- 4.3.3 Management of splenic trauma in adults and in children
- 4.3.4 Cysts, tumors and abscess of the spleen
- 4.3.5 Splenectomy for conditions other than trauma

#### **4.4 Portal Hypertension:**

- 4.4.1 Applied anatomy & Pathophysiology of portal hypertension, location of Portosystemic Shunting
- 4.4.2 Etiology, clinical presentation, diagnostic work up & management of portal hypertension- cirrhotic & non-cirrhotic
- 4.4.3 Portal Hypertension in Children
- 4.4.4 Medical and Endoscopic Management of Bleeding Varices; Primary and Secondary Prophylaxis
- 4.4.5 Surgery for Esophageal Varices and portal hypertension: Devascularization and Splenectomy, Different shunt procedures- indications, techniques and outcome
- 4.4.6 Transjugular Intrahepatic Portosystemic Shunting (TIPS): Indications, Technique and complications

# प्राविधिक (स्वास्थ्य) सेवा, मेडिकल (चिकित्सक) समुह, सर्जिकल अंकोलोजी (ग्याष्ट्रोइन्टेरोलोजी) उपसमुह, अधिकृत दसौं तह, जुनियर कन्सल्टेन्ट पदको खुला र आन्तरिक प्रतियोगितात्मक परीक्षाको पाठ्यक्रम

#### Section (B) – 50 % Marks

## 5. Liver, Pancreas and Biliary System:

## 5.1 Embryology, Applied Anatomy, Physiology and Pathology:

- 5.1.1 Embryologic Development of the Liver, Biliary Tract, and Pancreas
- 5.1.2 Surgical and Radiologic Anatomy of the Liver, Biliary Tract, and Pancreas
- 5.1.3 Liver Blood Flow: Physiology, Measurement and Clinical Relevance
- 5.1.4 Bile Secretion and Pathophysiology of Biliary Tract Obstruction
- 5.1.5 Assessment of Hepatic Function: Implications for the Surgical Patient
- 5.1.6 Pancreatic Physiology and Functional Assessment
- 5.1.7 Pancreatic Cancer and Premalignant Tumors
- 5.1.8 Biliary Tract Cancer
- 5.1.9 Infections in Liver, Biliary, and Pancreatic Surgery

## 5.2 Diagnostic Techniques:

- 5.2.1 Clinical Investigation of Hepatopancreaticobiliary Disease
- 5.2.2 Ultrasound of the Liver, Biliary Tract, and Pancreas
- 5.2.3 Nuclear Medicine Techniques in Hepatobiliary and Pancreatic Disease
- 5.2.4 Computed Tomography of the Liver, Biliary Tract and Pancreas
- 5.2.5 Magnetic Resonance Imaging of the Liver, Biliary Tract and Pancreas
- 5.2.6 Direct Cholangiography: Approaches, Techniques and Current status
- 5.2.7 Percutaneous Biopsy

# 5.3 Techniques of Biliary Tract Intervention- Radiologic, Endoscopic & Surgical:

- 5.3.1 Interventional Endoscopy: Technical Aspects
- 5.3.2 Radiologic Hepatobiliary Interventions
- 5.3.3 Bile Duct Exploration and Biliary-Enteric Anastomosis

## 5.4 Gall bladder and Biliary Tract Diseases:

- 5.4.1 Inflammatory, Infective and Congenital:
  - 5.4.1.1 Cholelithiasis and Choledocholithiasis
  - 5.4.1.2 Biliary Stricture and Fistula
    - 5.4.1.2.1 Biliary Atresia
    - 5.4.1.2.2 Primary Sclerosing Cholangitis
    - 5.4.1.2.3 Benign Biliary Strictures and biliary fistula
  - 5.4.1.3 Biliary Infection and Infestation
    - 5.4.1.3.1 Cholangitis
    - 5.4.1.3.2 Recurrent Pyogenic Cholangitis
    - 5.4.1.3.3 Biliary Parasitic Disease
  - 5.4.1.4 Cystic Disease of the Biliary Tree Bile Duct (choledochal) Cysts in Adults and children

#### 5.4.2 Neoplastic:

- 5.4.2.1 Benign Tumors and Pseudotumors of the Biliary Tract
- 5.4.2.2 Malignant Tumors
  - 5.4.2.2.1 Cancer of the Gallbladder and Bile Ducts
  - 5.4.2.2.2 Interventional Techniques in Hilar and intrahepatic Biliary Structures
  - 5.4.2.2.3 Adjuvant and Neoadjuvant Therapy

#### **5.5** Pancreatic Disease:

- 5.5.1 Inflammatory, Infective and Congenital:
  - 5.5.1.1 Congenital Disorders of the Pancreas: Surgical Consideration
  - 5.5.1.2 Pancreatitis

# प्राविधिक (स्वास्थ्य) सेवा, मेडिकल (चिकित्सक) समुह, सर्जिकल अंकोलोजी (ग्याष्ट्रोइन्टेरोलोजी) उपसमुह, अधिकृत दसौं तह, जुनियर कन्सल्टेन्ट पदको खुला र आन्तरिक प्रतियोगितात्मक परीक्षाको पाठ्यक्रम

- 5.5.1.2.1 Acute & Chronic Pancreatitits: Etilogy, Pathophysiology and Clinical Aspect
- 5.5.1.2.2 Management of Acute Pancreatitis and Complications
- 5.5.1.2.3 Management of Chronic Pancreatitis: Conservative, Endoscopic and Surgical

#### 5.5.2 Neoplasm:

- 5.5.2.1 Benign and Premalignant Tumors: Cystic Neoplasms of the Pancreas
- 5.5.2.2 Pancreatic and Periampullary Cancer: Epidemiology, Clinical Aspects, Assessment and Management; Borderline resectable tumours
- 5.5.2.3 Duodenal Adenocarcinomas
- 5.5.2.4 Endocrine Tumors of the Pancreas: Clinical Picture, Diagnosis & Therapy
- 5.5.3 Operative procedures and their complications:
  - 5.5.3.1 Resectional Techniques: Pancreaticoduodenectomy, Distal Pancreatectomy, Segmental Pancreatectomy, Total Pancreatectomy Surgery of the Pancreas: Minimally Invasive Approaches
  - 5.5.3.2 Chemotherapy and Radiotherapy for Pancreatic and Periampullary Cancer: Adjuvant, Neoadjuvant and Palliative
  - 5.5.3.3 Palliation of Pancreatic and Periampullary Tumors

## 5.6 Hepatic Disease

- 5.6.1 Inflammatory, Infective and Congenital:
  - 5.6.1.1 Liver Infection and Infestation: Pyogenic Liver Abscess, Amebiasis and Other Parasitic Infections, Hydatid Disease of the Liver
  - 5.6.1.2 Simple Cysts and Polycystic Liver Disease
  - 5.6.1.3 Hepatitis, Hepatic Cirrhosis, Portal Hypertension and Hepatic Failure
- 5.6.2 Neoplastic:
  - 5.6.2.1 Tumors of the Liver: Diagnostic & Pathologic Aspects
  - 5.6.2.2 Benign and Premalignant
    - 5.6.2.2.1 Benign Liver Lesions
    - 5.6.2.2.2 Cystic Hepatobiliary Neoplasia
  - 5.6.2.3 Malignant Tumors
    - 5.6.2.3.1 Hepatocellular Carcinoma
    - 5.6.2.3.2 Metastatic Malignant Liver Tumors: Colorectal Cancer & Neuroendocrine
    - 5.6.2.3.3 Hepatic Tumors in Childhood
  - 5.6.2.4 Treatment: Nonresectable
    - 5.6.2.4.1 Hepatic Artery Embolization and Chemoembolization for Liver Tumors
    - 5.6.2.4.2 Percutaneous Methods for Ablating Liver Tumors
    - 5.6.2.4.3 Radiofrequency Ablation for Liver Tumors
    - 5.6.2.4.4 Microwave Ablation and Emerging Technologies for Liver Tumors
    - 5.6.2.4.5 Regional Chemotherapy for Liver Tumors
    - 5.6.2.4.6 Systemic Chemotherapy for Hepatic Colorectal Cancer
    - 5.6.2.4.7 Systemic Therapy for Hepatocellular Carcinoma

# 5.7 Hepatobiliary Injury and Hemorrhage:

- 5.7.1 Injuries to the Liver and Biliary Tract
- 5.7.2 Pancreatic and Duodenal Injuries
- 5.7.3 Aneurysm and Arteriovenous Fistula of the Liver and Pancreatic Vasculature

## प्राविधिक (स्वास्थ्य) सेवा, मेडिकल (चिकित्सक) समुह, सर्जिकल अंकोलोजी (ग्याष्ट्रोइन्टेरोलोजी) उपसमुह, अधिकत दसौं तह, जनियर कन्सल्टेन्ट पदको खला र आन्तरिक प्रतियोगितात्मक परीक्षाको पाठयक्रम

5.7.4 Hemobilia and Bilhemia

#### 6. Colon, Rectum, and Anus:

#### 6.1 Anatomy, Physiology and Diagnosis of Colorectal and Anal Disease:

- 6.1.1 Applied Anatomy and Embryology of the Colon, Rectum and Anus
- 6.1.2 Physiology of the Colon and Its Measurement
- 6.1.3 Diagnostic procedures of Colon, Rectal, and Anal Disease

#### 6.2 Benign Colon, Rectal and Anal Conditions:

- 6.2.1 Pelvic Floor Dysfunction, Rectal Prolapse
- 6.2.2 Rectovaginal and Rectourethral Fistulas, Pilonidal Disease
- 6.2.3 Traumatic Colorectal Injuries, Foreign Bodies
- 6.2.4 Colonic Intussusception and Volvulus, Bleeding and Ischemia
- 6.2.5 Diverticular Disease, Hemorrhoids, Fissure / Fistula -in-Ano
- 6.2.6 Miscellaneous Disorders of the Rectum and Anus
- 6.2.7 Inflammatory Bowel Diseases-surgery for ulcerative colitis & Crohns disease
- 6.2.8 Anorectal Anomalies

#### **6.3** Neoplastic Diseases:

- 6.3.1 Colorectal Polyps and Polyposis Syndromes
- 6.3.2 Adenocarcinoma of the Colon and Rectum
- 6.3.3 Operations for Colorectal Cancer & Recurrent & Metastatic Colorectal Cancer
- 6.3.4 Resection and Ablation of Metastatic Colorectal Cancer to the Liver
- 6.3.5 Neoplasms of the Anus
- 6.3.6 Adjuvant and Neoadjuvant Therapy for Colorectal Cancer
- 6.3.7 Radiation Injuries to the Rectum

#### 7. Peritoneum and Retroperitoneum:

- 7.1 Chronic peritonitis
- 7.2 Malignant ascites
- 7.3 Diseases of retroperitoneum

#### 8. **G.I. Radiology**

- 8.1 Reading and interpreting the common x-ray film's including
  - 8.1.1 X-ray films of the abdomen
  - 8.1.2 Barium studies, ultrasound of abdomen, EUS
  - 8.1.3 CT scan including CT angiography / Portography, MRCP, Portography, Percutaneous Cholangiography (PTC) & PTCD, TIPS, BRTO (Ballon Occluded Transvenous Obliteration), Angiographic Management of difficult GI bleeding, MR scan, angiography and ERCP films

#### 9. **G.I. Pathology**

- 9.1 Reading & interpreting histological slides of common gastrointestinal & liver diseases
- 10. Adequate understanding and training of procedures including upper G.I. endoscopy and lower G.I. procedures
- 11. Orientation of EUS, ERCP Capsule Endoscopy, Chromoendoscopy, Esophageal Manometry, Enteroscopy and pH study
- 12. WHO-TNM and other cancer staging systems

#### 13. General Surgical Principles

- 13.1 Shock
- 13.2 Surgical infection
- 13.3 Fluid and electrolyte imbalance
- 13.4 Preoperative and post operative patient care
- 13.5 TNM classification of cancers